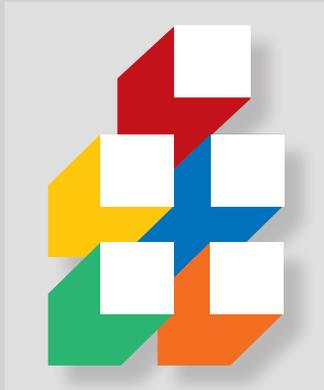




Building Service 32BJ

Supplemental Retirement Savings Plan



Summary Plan Description

March 1, 2020

Translation Notice

This booklet contains a summary in English of your rights and benefits under the Building Service 32BJ Supplemental Retirement Savings Plan. If you have difficulty understanding any part of this booklet, contact Member Services at 1-800-551-3225 for assistance or write to:

Member Services
Building Service 32BJ Supplemental Retirement Savings Plan
25 West 18th Street
New York, NY 10011-4676

The office hours are from 8:30 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., Monday through Friday. You may also visit www.32bjfunds.org.

Este folleto contiene un resumen en inglés de sus derechos y beneficios con el Building Service 32BJ Supplemental Retirement Savings Plan. Si tiene alguna dificultad para entender cualquier parte de este folleto, llame al Centro de servicios para afiliados al 1-800-551-3225, o escriba a la dirección siguiente:

Member Services
Building Service 32BJ Supplemental Retirement Savings Plan
25 West 18th Street
New York, NY 10011-4676

El horario de atención es de 8:30 a.m. a 5:00 p.m. de lunes a viernes. También puede visitar www.32bjfunds.org.

Niniejsza broszura zawiera opis, w języku angielskim, Twoich praw i świadczeń w ramach Planu Building Service 32BJ Supplemental Retirement Savings Plan. W przypadku jakichkolwiek trudności ze zrozumieniem dowolnej części broszury, prosimy skontaktować się z Centrum obsługi członków pod numerem telefonu 1-800-551-3225 lub pisemnie na adres:

Member Services
Building Service 32BJ Supplemental Retirement Savings Plan
25 West 18th Street
New York, NY 10011-4676

Biuro czynne jest w godzinach od 8:30 do 17:00 od poniedziałku do piątku. Można również odwiedzić naszą stronę pod adresem www.32bjfunds.org.

Kjo broshurë përmban një përmbledhje në anglisht, në lidhje me të drejtat dhe përfitimet tuaja të Planit nën Building Service 32BJ Supplemental Retirement Savings Plan. Nëse keni vështirësi për të kuptuar ndonjë pjesë të kësaj broshure, kontaktoni Shërbimin e Anëtarit në numrin 1-800-551-3225 për ndihmë ose mund të shkruani tek:

Member Services
Building Service 32BJ Supplemental Retirement Savings Plan
25 West 18th Street
New York, NY 10011-4676

Orari zyrtar është nga ora 8:30 deri më 17:00, nga e hëna deri të premten. Gjithashtu, ju mund të vizitoni faqen e Internetit www.32bjfunds.org.

Building Service 32BJ Supplemental Retirement Savings Plan

25 West 18th Street, New York, NY 10011-4676
Telephone 1-800-551-3225

The Building Service 32BJ Supplemental Retirement Pension Plan is administered by a joint Board of Trustees consisting of Union Trustees and Employer Trustees with equal voting power.

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Managing Your SRSP Account

Connect with John Hancock

John Hancock administers all the individual accounts in the Supplemental Retirement Savings Plan (“SRSP”). Your SRSP account will be automatically set up when your employer first contributes as required by your collective bargaining or participation agreement or if you elect to make and begin making salary deferrals. Once your account is set up, you will receive quarterly statements. The SRSP offers you the opportunity to save for retirement. To take full advantage of this opportunity, to manage your own investments, or to designate your beneficiary, you will want to access your own account online.

To access your account online, go to johnhancock.com/myplan. You will need your Social Security number and your date of birth.

Important Notice

This booklet is the Summary Plan Description (“SPD”) of the Building Service 32BJ Supplemental Retirement Savings Plan (“the SRSP”). It is only a brief summary of the most important Plan provisions. Your rights to benefits are governed by the Plan’s official rules and regulations, as interpreted by official action of the Board of Trustees (the “Board”). Nothing in this SPD will modify or change the Plan’s official rules and regulations. If there is any conflict between the Plan’s official rules and regulations and this SPD, the Plan’s official rules and regulations will control. The Plan’s official rules and regulations are available from the Compliance Office at the address listed on page 9. The Board reserves the right, in its sole and absolute discretion, to amend the Plan at any time, subject to the terms of the applicable collective bargaining agreements.

- Save this booklet – put it in a safe place. If you lose it, you can call Member Services at 1-800-551-3225 and ask for another copy or you can get it at www.32bjfunds.org.
- If you change your name, address or phone number – notify Member Services immediately so your records are up-to-date.
- Throughout this booklet, the words “you” and “your” refer to participants whose employment makes them eligible for Plan benefits.
- This booklet describes the provisions of the Plan in effect as of March 1, 2020.
- In the event that there is any conflict between the Plan document, and the terms and conditions for Plan benefits as set forth in this SPD, or any oral information you receive from a Building Service 32BJ Benefit Funds’ employee or union representative, employer or John Hancock, the Plan document shall control.

Frequently Asked Questions

1. What is the Supplemental Retirement Savings Plan (“SRSP”)?

The SRSP is a defined contribution plan designed to give you an opportunity to save and invest for retirement. It is a supplement to Social Security and any pension plan that you may have.

2. Who contributes to the SRSP and when?

Whether you, your employer or both of you can contribute, and when, is set forth in your collective bargaining or participation agreement. Most agreements allow employees to defer salary and require employers to also make weekly contributions of a fixed dollar amount. A small number of agreements require employers to make a weekly contribution but do not allow employees to defer salary.

3. How much does my employer contribute?

Your employer contributes the dollar amount set forth in your collective bargaining or participation agreement.

Under some agreements, if you have worked for 25 years or more and have 300 or more service credits under the Building Service 32BJ Pension Fund, your employer is required to make an additional \$10 weekly contribution.

4. How do I save?

In order to save through the SRSP (make 401(k) contributions), you must complete an SRSP Contribution Form. You can get this form from John Hancock by downloading it from: johnhancock.com/myplan or by calling John Hancock at 1-833-388-6466 (Spanish-speaking: 1-888-440-0022) and requesting a copy. You can also download it from the Fund’s website: www.32bjfunds.org. The Fund Office and your employer can also provide this form to you. After you complete this form, you must give it to your employer, usually at the HR or payroll office.

5. How much can I save?

You can contribute up to the Internal Revenue Service (“IRS”) limit. For 2020, the limit is \$19,500. In addition, you can begin making catch-up contributions in the year you turn age 50. For 2020, the catch-up contribution limit is \$6,500.

6. What are catch-up contributions?

Catch-up contributions are extra contributions you can make beginning in the year that you reach age 50. Catch-up contributions are limited by the IRS. For 2020, the limit is \$6,500.

7. If I decide not to save now, can I change my mind and save later?

Yes. You can begin to save as of the beginning of the first payroll period following any January 1 (or at more frequent intervals as selected by your employer). Check with your employer for details.

8. If I do save now, can I stop or change the amount I save?

You can stop saving at any time. You also can change the amount you are saving each December (to be effective as of the beginning of the first payroll period following January 1), or more frequently (e.g., quarterly) if selected by your employer. Check with your employer for details.

9. Where is my money invested?

Your money is in an individual account in your name and is invested in the investment fund or funds that you choose from a menu of investment options selected by the Trustees. If you do not choose an investment fund, your money is invested in the SRSP’s qualified default investment alternative (“QDIA”), which is the Vanguard Wellesley Income Fund.

10. Can I change where my money is invested?

Yes. You can change where your existing savings, and/or your future contributions, are invested at any time. To make a change, log on to your account at johnhancock.com/myplan or call John Hancock at: 1-833-388-6466 (Spanish-speaking 1-888-440-0022).

11. How do I know how much money I have in the SRSP?

Log on to your account at John Hancock at johnhancock.com/myplan or call John Hancock at: 1-833-388-6466 (Spanish-speaking: 1-888-440-0022). In addition, John Hancock mails you a statement shortly after each calendar quarter that shows the amount of money you have invested and where it is invested. This statement is also available online at johnhancock.com/myplan.

12. Is all the money in the account mine?

Yes, 100% of the money you save, as well as the money your employer contributes, and all related earnings, belongs to you. You are 100% vested.

13. When can I get my money?

Generally, you can take your money out of the SRSP 180 days after you stop working in covered employment.

14. What if I want my money and I am still working?

You cannot get your money out of the SRSP for any reason while you are still working in covered employment. There are no loans, hardship withdrawals or other in-service withdrawals.

Introduction

This Plan was established January 1, 1989. It is considered a “defined contribution” plan as defined by the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended (“ERISA”). It is designed to give you an opportunity to save and invest for retirement. This Plan is a supplement to any pension plan you may have.

The Plan is maintained through written agreements entered into between SEIU Local 32BJ (the “Union”) and contributing employers. Your employer is a contributing employer if it is required to contribute to the Plan on your behalf under a collective bargaining agreement with the Union or some other agreement that is accepted by the Plan’s Board of Trustees (“participation agreement”).

The Compliance Office will provide you, upon written request, with information as to whether a particular employer is contributing to the Plan on behalf of employees working under a written agreement, as well as the address of such employer. Additionally, a complete list of employers and unions sponsoring the Plan may be obtained upon written request to the Compliance Office and is available for examination at the Compliance Office. To contact the Compliance Office, write to:

**Compliance Office
Building Service 32BJ Benefit Funds
25 West 18th Street
New York, NY 10011-4676**

Most contributing employers are required to make weekly contributions of a fixed dollar amount to the Plan. A small number of agreements do not allow employees to save by deferring a portion of their compensation to the Plan. Most employers are required to make contributions and allow employees to save (defer compensation). Saving is always voluntary for the employee.

You can save any dollar amount (minimum \$10 per pay period), up to certain annual dollar limits which are explained on pages 13–14.

The Plan is administered by a joint Board of Trustees (the “Board”) composed of Union Trustees and Employer Trustees with equal voting power. The address of the Board is 25 West 18th Street, New York, NY 10011-4676. See page 1 for the members of the Board.

The Board has the exclusive authority to control and manage the operation and administration of the Plan. The Board has designated John Hancock as the recordkeeper. You can access your account at John Hancock by logging on to your account at [johnhancock.com/myplan](https://www.johnhancock.com/myplan) or by calling John Hancock at 1-833-388-6466 (Spanish-speaking 1-888-440-0022).

A Word of Caution

Your account, which may consist of both your pre-tax contributions and your employer contributions, may be invested at your choice among a range of investment options, including different kinds of stock, bond and money market funds (or, if you do not make a choice, your account is invested in a qualified default investment alternative (“QDIA”) described on page 16). The Board selects these investment options relying on professional investment advisors.

Contributing to the Plan involves investment of your savings and, therefore, contains an element of investment risk. You and your family should study this booklet and the investment information provided to you by John Hancock before you make your decision as to how much money, if any, you wish to contribute. Neither the Board nor John Hancock is able to advise you as to how much to contribute or the manner in which your contributions should be invested.

You should evaluate the investment options available under the Plan in the same way you would evaluate any investment to determine whether you are comfortable with the investment risk and potential rewards. The Board relies on professional investment advisors to decide which investment options to offer under the Plan. The investment options available under the SRSP are subject to change; for example, a new fund can be offered, or an existing one can be discontinued or replaced.

Information about each investment option, including how that option has performed in the past can be found by logging on to your account at [johnhancock.com/myplan](https://www.johnhancock.com/myplan) or by calling John Hancock at 1-833-388-6466 (Spanish-speaking: 1-888-440-0022). Please remember, however, that the past performance of any investment option is not guaranteed to continue in the future. While John Hancock can give you information about the investment options, it cannot give you investment advice. Because you are responsible for your investment choices, please read the materials on each investment option before making any investment decisions. Remember, you will share in any losses as well as any gains of the investment options that you choose.

It is up to you to monitor your investment options (see “Monitoring Your Account” on pages 17–18), and to make investment elections that meet your own financial goals.

Eligibility and Participation

Eligibility

You are eligible to participate in the Plan if you work for a contributing employer whose collective bargaining agreement or participation agreement accepted by the Board requires it to make contributions to the Plan on your behalf, allows you to save by making contributions to the SRSP, or both. Work for a contributing employer in a position covered under the collective bargaining agreement or participation agreement is referred to as “covered employment.”

When Participation Starts

Unless your agreement does not allow 401(k) contributions, you may enroll in the Plan for purposes of making those contributions after six months of covered employment or, if earlier, when your employer is required to begin making contributions. Enrollment is not automatic. To save, you must elect to make 401(k) contributions to the SRSP by completing an SRSP Contribution Form,

which is part of the Enrollment Kit you will receive from John Hancock when you are eligible to enroll. If you do not elect to save when first eligible, you can elect to save as of the beginning of the first payroll period following any January 1 (or at more frequent intervals as selected by your employer) by completing an SRSP Contribution Form, which is available from John Hancock, the Fund Office or your employer and returning the completed form to your employer.

In New York City residential and commercial employment, employer contributions usually start in the first payroll period after you complete 24 months of covered employment. The amount your employer contributes to the Plan on your behalf, and when those contributions begin, is set by the terms of your collective bargaining agreement or participation agreement.

Types of Contributions

Three types of contributions are permitted to the Plan: Your savings, also known as 401(k) Contributions, Employer Contributions, and Rollover Contributions.

Your Savings/401(k) Contributions

These contributions are described in the “401(k) Contributions” section on pages 13–14.

Employer Contributions

Employers are required to make contributions on your behalf as specified by your union contract. As with your 401(k) contributions, employer contributions on your behalf (and related earnings) will not be taxed as long as they stay in your Plan account.

Rollover Contributions

If you have an account from a prior employer’s qualified retirement, 403(b) or governmental 457(b) plan (collectively “prior employer’s plan”), or a traditional, rollover/conduit, SEP or Simple IRA (collectively “IRA”), you may

“roll over” your distribution into your Plan account. Taxes on the money you roll over are postponed until the rollover is paid out to you. Except in the case of a direct rollover (that is, a distribution that goes directly from your prior employer’s plan or your IRA to this Plan), all rollovers to the Plan must be completed within 60 calendar days after you receive your check from your previous employer’s plan. If your spouse dies or you become divorced or legally separated and, as a result, you receive a distribution from your spouse’s retirement plan, you may be able to roll over that money into this Plan. These rollovers can be made before you would otherwise be eligible to participate in this Plan.

The rules for rollover contributions are quite complex. For example, the Plan does not accept rollovers of “after-tax” money. All rollovers must be approved by John Hancock and you may be asked to provide proof that the rollover meets all Plan requirements. If you are considering a rollover contribution, contact John Hancock.

After-tax Contributions

Under the Plan, you may not make after-tax contributions.

Your Savings/401(k) Contributions

Contributing with Before-Tax Dollars

Your savings (401(k) contributions) go into the Plan on a before-tax basis. Saving money before it is taxed gives your income a hidden boost, because the amount you save each year lowers your current taxable income and the income taxes you pay now. You will not owe federal income taxes on your savings until you take the money out of the Plan, which is usually at retirement, when you will probably be in a lower tax bracket.

Changing Your Contributions

You can stop contributing at any time. You can change the amount you are contributing each December (to be effective January 1), or more frequently

(e.g., quarterly) if allowed by your employer. Check with your employer for details. To change the amount that you save out of each paycheck, complete a new SRSP Contribution Form and submit it to your employer.

Maximum Annual Contribution Limits

By law, the IRS limits the total dollar amount that you can make in 401(k) contributions in a given year to the Plan (and to any other plan like this in which you may participate). Any amount that you contribute in excess of this limit will be returned to you and treated as taxable income. The dollar limit for 2020 is \$19,500. In addition, you can begin making catch-up contributions starting in the year that you reach age 50. The catch-up contributions limit for 2020 is \$6,500.

There are other IRS limits that apply to 401(k) contributions, as well as special tests that plans like ours must pass to make sure that they do not favor highly-paid participants. The Plan will contact you if your contributions are affected by these limits or tests.

Catch-Up Contributions

Starting in the calendar year in which you reach age 50, you may make additional “catch-up” contributions over the annual limit described above and on the preceding page. The annual catch-up contribution limit for 2020 is \$6,500.

For example, if you reach age 50 in 2020, you could contribute up to \$26,000 in 401(k) contributions to the Plan: \$19,500 in 401(k) contributions plus a \$6,500 catch-up contribution. Even if you do not reach age 50 until the last day of the calendar year, you would still be able to make catch-up contributions for that year and all later years, as long as you continue in covered employment.

The IRS reviews 401(k) plan limits annually and may increase them to reflect changes in the Consumer Price Index (the “CPI”). Often, adjustments are made only if the change in the limit attributable to the CPI exceeds a \$500 threshold.

Vesting

You are always 100% vested in your entire Plan account, including employer contributions, your own 401(k) contributions, rollover contributions and any investment earnings. This means that you own your account and always have a right to the full value of your account when your employment ends or you otherwise become entitled to a Plan benefit.

Investments

Your Investment Choices

There are a number of investment funds available through the Plan. To obtain information on the Plan's investment funds, log on to johnhancock.com/myplan. You can also log on to your account at johnhancock.com/myplan or call John Hancock at 1-833-388-6466 (Spanish-speaking: 1-888-440-0022) to choose how you would like your account invested.

You can allocate your Plan money any way you like among the available investment funds, as long as it is in whole multiples of 1%. Your investment elections apply to your entire account; that is, the investment mix you choose for your 401(k) contributions will also apply to employer contributions as well as any rollover contributions you may have. Whatever allocation you elect remains in effect until you change it.

The SRSP is intended to constitute a plan under ERISA Section 404(c) and Title 29 of the Code of Federal Regulations Section 2550.404c-1. Consequently, the Board may be relieved of liability for any losses that are the direct and necessary result of investment instructions given by you or your beneficiary. In addition, the Board is not liable for any loss that is the direct and necessary result of investing any part of your or your beneficiary's account in the qualified default investment alternative (“QDIA”) described on page 16.

Changing Your Investments

You can move money you have already invested from one investment fund to another. This is known as “reallocating” your account. You can reallocate

whenever you like in whole multiples of 1%. You can also change the way that new contributions are invested at any time.

These changes must be made through John Hancock either by logging on to your account at johnhancock.com/myplan or calling John Hancock at 1-833-388-6466. (Spanish-speaking: 1-888-440-0022).

Your change generally will take effect at the closing price on the same day if you complete changes in your account or on your call by 4 PM ET on a business day (a day that the New York Stock Exchange is open).

Otherwise, your change will be effective at the closing price on the next business day. John Hancock will send you an email confirmation if you make any changes to your investment choices.

Qualified Default Investment Alternative

If you do not make your own investment choices, your account balance is automatically invested in an investment fund selected by the Board known as the qualified default investment alternative (“QDIA”). The QDIA applies generally accepted investment theories, is diversified so as to minimize the risk of large losses, and is designed to provide long-term appreciation and capital preservation through a mix of equity and fixed income exposures consistent with a target level of risk appropriate for participants of the Plan as a whole. It may not make as much money as more aggressively invested funds when the market is rising, but it also may not lose as much money as riskier funds when the market is falling. There is no guarantee of investment performance. The QDIA is the Vanguard Wellesley Income Fund. The QDIA is subject to change from time-to-time by the Board. A notice regarding the Plan’s current QDIA will be provided to you upon eligibility and annually thereafter.

Valuing Your Account

Once you become a Plan participant, the Plan sets up an account for you to keep track of all your Plan money. Account values are determined each day that the New York Stock Exchange is open for business. The value of your Plan account will reflect all of the following:

- your 401(k) contributions, including any catch-up contributions,
- employer contributions (including account adjustments—deductions net of any investment gains/losses—for contributions mistakenly contributed to your account upon verification of such mistake),
- employer contributions, if any, made on your behalf before January 1, 2001, and related earnings (called “money purchase account” on your quarterly statement),
- rollover contributions,
- investment gains or losses of the fund or funds in which you have invested,
- administrative fees (shown on your quarterly statement), and
- any amounts distributed from your account.

Monitoring Your Account

John Hancock offers two automated systems (a website and a telephone voice response system) 24 hours a day, 365 days a year that allow you to:

Voice Response System and Website
• check your account balance
• see investment fund performance results
• review and change current and future investment elections
• order statements and prospectus
• enroll in automatic re-balancing of your account
• change PIN or password

Website only
• add or change your beneficiary
• request a distribution form
• request a contribution form
• go to My Learning Center for financial wellness information

Here is how you can contact John Hancock:

- **Online.** Log on to your account at johnhancock.com/myplan for 24-hour access to information about your account and your investments.
- **On your mobile device.** Visit your device's app store (iOS or Android) to download the John Hancock mylifenow™ app so you can access your account on the go.
- **By phone.** Call 1-833-388-6466 (Spanish-speaking: 1-888-440-0022) to reach the John Hancock Retirement Plan Services Voice Response System. You'll need your Social Security number and a personal identification number ("PIN") to use the Voice Response System. To create a PIN, follow the prompts. Or you can speak with a John Hancock representative Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m., ET.

Account Statements

Plan statements are mailed shortly after the end of each calendar quarter. Alternatively, you may elect to view your statements online instead of receiving a printed statement in the mail. You will receive an e-mail alert whenever a new statement is available to view online. To elect to view your statement online, you must log on to your account at johnhancock.com/myplan and sign up for e-delivery, a fast and secure way to receive your plan communications. To sign up for e-delivery, once you have logged on to your account at johnhancock.com/myplan click My Profile and select Mailing Preferences.

The statement will show your employer's contributions, your 401(k) contributions and rollovers, and Plan administrative fees deducted from your account for the prior quarter.

When You Can Get Your Money

CAUTION – If you withdraw money from your account, it will be subject to federal (and state) income taxes. In addition, if you are not yet 59½ years old when you withdraw money from the SRSP, you may be subject to an additional tax penalty of 10%. Talk to a tax advisor before withdrawing money from any retirement account.

In-Service Withdrawals, Hardship Withdrawals and Loans

You may not withdraw money from your account while you work for a contributing employer, even if you work in a job that does not require contributions on your behalf. Loans, hardship withdrawals or other in-service withdrawals are not permitted under the Plan.

Termination of Employment

Your money in the Plan is available to you 180 days after you stop working for a contributing employer.

Going from a job with one contributing employer to another contributing employer is not considered termination of employment unless there is a period of 180 consecutive days between jobs in which you are not working for a contributing employer. You must not be working for a contributing employer on the date of distribution.

Note: You are working for a covered employer if your employer is signatory to a collective bargaining agreement or participation agreement with the Union at any location, even if not at your location, which requires the employer to make contributions to the SRSP or which permits covered employees to make 401(k) contributions to the Fund.

Retirement

Once you reach age 55 and retire ("retire" in this sense means that you have stopped working for any contributing employers), your account becomes available to you immediately. If you reach age 55 and retire, you may not be subject to the additional 10% tax penalty when you withdraw money from your account. Consult a tax advisor for more information.

Disability

You can receive your Plan account immediately if:

- you become eligible for a disability pension under the Building Service 32BJ Pension Fund, or
- you receive a determination of disability from the Social Security Administration.

Death

If you die, your beneficiaries can receive a distribution immediately. See pages 25–27 for more information.

Required Minimum Distribution

You can postpone your distribution until the April 1 following the year you reach age 72 if your account has a balance of more than \$1,000. However, if you are still working in covered employment at that point, your distribution will begin when you actually stop working.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, required minimum distributions for calendar year 2020 are suspended pursuant to Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a)(9), as amended by the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act, unless you elect to receive your distribution on the appropriate form provided by John Hancock.

Distribution of Blocked Accounts

Notwithstanding anything in this section to the contrary, if John Hancock determines that your account is blocked under regulations issued by the Office of Foreign Assets Control (“OFAC”) of the U.S. Department of the Treasury, neither you nor your beneficiary will be permitted to take a distribution until John Hancock determines that your account is no longer blocked under such regulations. If your account is blocked, for information on how to unblock your account, call John Hancock at 1-833-388-6466 (Spanish speaking: 1-888-440-0022).

Payment of Your Account

Form of Benefit Payments

If your account is worth more than \$5,000 when you become eligible to receive it and you elect to take a distribution, your account can be paid to you in any of the following options:

- **lump sum** — you can take your entire account balance in a lump sum.
- **installments** — you can elect equal monthly installments over any fixed period you like, up to ten years. If you die before you receive all of the installment payments due you, your beneficiary will receive the balance in a lump sum.
- **combined lump sum and installments** — you can take part of your account balance in a lump sum and the rest in installments. You can get monthly installments over any period you choose, up to ten years. If you die before you receive all of the installment payments due you, your beneficiary will receive the balance in a lump sum.

If your account is worth \$5,000 or less when you become eligible to take a distribution and you elect to take a distribution, your entire account balance will be paid to you in a lump sum. There is no option other than a lump sum.

If your account is worth \$1,000 or less when you become eligible to take a distribution, regardless of whether you elect to take a distribution, your entire account balance will be paid to you in a lump sum. There is no other option and you will not have the choice to leave your money in the SRSP.

Rollovers

When you leave this Plan, you may be able to roll over money into another eligible retirement plan account, and postpone your tax obligation on the savings. You can have all or a portion of your account rolled over to another

retirement plan or an Individual Retirement Account (“IRA”). By directly rolling over your Plan balance to another qualified plan or an IRA, you avoid tax withholding and postpone or reduce the amount of taxes otherwise due. Contact John Hancock for more details.

Payments from Your Money Purchase Account

There are special rules that apply to the money purchase portion of your account. Your money purchase account consists of employer contributions made before January 1, 2001, and earnings on those contributions.

The Plan is required by law to offer an annuity as the normal form of payment with respect to the money purchase portion of your account, but only if your entire account balance is more than \$5,000. Your entire money purchase account, including earnings, will be used to purchase a nonforfeitable and nontransferable annuity from an insurance company selected by the Board, unless you elect otherwise, as provided below. The type of annuity depends on your marital status at the time you begin receiving your benefits.

- *If you are not married*, the money purchase portion of your account is paid to you as a single life annuity. This is a monthly payment for as long as you live. No benefits are paid after your death. If you do not want the single life annuity, you may choose, instead, to receive these benefits in a lump sum or installments over a period of up to ten years, or a combination of the two.
- *If you are married*, the money purchase portion of your account is paid as a qualified joint and survivor annuity. This kind of annuity will pay you a reduced monthly amount for your life. Then, if your spouse is living when you die, your spouse gets a monthly amount of at least 50% (but can be other higher percentages including, but not limited to, 75%) of the amount of the annuity that you were receiving, payable for your spouse’s life. After your spouse dies, no further benefits will be paid. (If your spouse dies *before* you but after payments start, your monthly payments continue in the same reduced amount that you received before your spouse died.) If you do not want to receive your account as a qualified joint and survivor annuity, you can elect a lump sum or installments over a period of up to ten years, or a combination of the two (subject to the spousal consent rules

described in the next paragraph). If you choose the lump sum, no benefits would be paid to your spouse after you die. If you choose installments, and your spouse is named as your beneficiary, after you die, your spouse would receive any installments not yet paid. No benefit would be paid to your spouse if you die after all of the installments have been paid.

If you are married when you apply for your benefits, you must have your spouse’s consent to take the money purchase portion of your account in a lump sum and/or installments instead of as a qualified joint and survivor annuity. To do this, you and your spouse must complete the Distribution Election Form, and the consent must be notarized.

You can get complete details on this process from John Hancock. Spousal consent will not be required if you can prove to the Board that you do not have a spouse, that your spouse cannot be located or that you cannot get your spouse’s consent because of other circumstances allowed by government regulations.

Please note: Every time in this SPD that the term “spouse” or “married” is used, that term refers to the person to whom you are legally married under federal law. A Qualified Domestic Relations Order (“QDRO”) may also require that your former spouse be given certain benefits. See page 30 for more information on QDROs.

Distributions from Your Account

CAUTION – Taxes and penalties may apply. See “Tax Guidelines” on page 25.

Applying for a Distribution from Your Account

In most cases, you must request a distribution in order to take money out of your account. However, if your account balance is \$1,000 or less, you will receive a distribution of your account in a lump sum regardless of whether you request it or not.

You can request a distribution any time after your account becomes payable (see “When You Can Get Your Money” on pages 19–20). Contact John Hancock online by logging on to your account at johnhancock.com/myplan

or by calling 1-833-388-6466 (Spanish-speaking: 1-888-440-0022) to reach the John Hancock Retirement Plan Services Voice Response System or to speak with a John Hancock representative. John Hancock representatives are available Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m., ET.

Once John Hancock receives your properly completed distribution form, including any required consent forms, the distribution request will be processed in a few business days. If you have chosen to take an installment distribution, you may not change the installment amounts you receive or the length of the installment period once you begin receiving monthly payments. However, you may request a lump sum distribution of your remaining account balance at any time while you are receiving monthly installments. Please contact John Hancock for additional information.

When You Receive Your Money

If your Plan account balance is greater than \$1,000, you will not receive your money from your Plan account until you request a distribution from John Hancock. However, if you do not request a distribution by the later of your age 72 or the first of the month after you stop working, John Hancock will begin distribution of your account no later than December 31 of the year in which you attain age 72. IRS rules generally provide that the amount of your distribution will be based on your account balance as of December 31 of the year prior to the year in which distribution occurs divided by your remaining years of life expectancy. For more specific information call John Hancock at 1-833-388-6466 (Spanish-speaking: 1-888-440-0022). John Hancock representatives are available Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m., ET.

Uncashed Checks

Any portion of a distribution payable to a Participant that is unclaimed for a period of more than six months will be allocated to an uncashed check account. If the amount remains unclaimed from such account at the expiration of a period determined by the Board, the amount shall be returned to the Plan and applied to the payment of administrative fees. In the event that the Participant is located or requests a reissuance of the distribution, such benefit will be restored.

Tax Guidelines

Paying Taxes

Your 401(k) contributions reduce your income in the current year for federal income tax purposes. You pay no tax on the investment earnings generated by your savings in the Plan while the money stays in the Plan. Your 401(k) contributions, employer contributions and earnings are taxed at the federal level when they are distributed to you.

You may also be required to pay state or local income taxes, depending on the tax laws in your state.

Your Plan distribution may be subject to mandatory 20% income tax withholding. However, there may be ways to avoid withholding and defer or reduce the amount of taxes otherwise due. For example, you may be able to “roll over” a lump sum payment and certain installment payments to certain individual retirement accounts (“IRAs”) or another retirement plan account.

A distribution made to you prior to age 59½ (unless you reach age 55 and retire) may be subject to an early distribution federal excise tax of 10%. This is in addition to ordinary income tax.

You will get helpful tax information when you receive the Plan termination kit. However, it is strongly recommended that you consult a tax advisor to fully understand the tax consequences of taking a distribution from the Plan. The Plan cannot advise you on any legal or tax matters, and none of the information in this booklet should be considered tax advice to you.

If You Die Before You Receive Your Account

If you die before you receive all of the money in your Plan account, the balance is generally paid to your beneficiary(ies) (except to the extent provided below and on pages 26–27 with respect to the money purchase portion of your account). This payment is not made automatically. Your beneficiary must notify Member Services by calling 1-800-551-3225. The designated beneficiary(ies) will receive a package in the mail that includes a Death Benefit Distribution Form. Your beneficiary(ies) will need to complete and return the form to John Hancock in order to receive a distribution from the Plan. John Hancock will make every effort to process payments promptly.

Your beneficiary(ies) will get a lump sum payment as soon as possible after submitting the application and necessary proof of death.

Your Plan Beneficiary

You name a beneficiary for your Plan account balance by logging on to your account at johnhancock.com/myplan, going to About Me, My Profile, Beneficiaries and Settings and selecting Beneficiaries. Or you may call John Hancock at 1-833-388-6466 (Spanish-speaking: 1-888-440-0022) to reach the John Hancock Retirement Plan Services Voice Response Services System or to speak with a John Hancock representative. John Hancock representatives are available Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m., ET.

If you are not married, you can choose any person (including an individual, charity, trust or estate) as your beneficiary, and you can change your beneficiary designation at any time. However, if you are married, you can choose someone other than your spouse to be your beneficiary only with your spouse's written, notarized consent. If you later decide to change your beneficiary designation and you are married, you would need your spouse's written consent again. If you want to change your beneficiary designation, it is important to let John Hancock know immediately.

If you have not named a beneficiary, or if your beneficiary dies before you, your remaining Plan account balance will be paid to your spouse, if living. If you have no spouse, or your spouse is not living, then your remaining Plan account balance will be paid to your estate.

The Plan does not pay this benefit to anyone who is involved in any way to your purposeful death. In a case where this rule applies, if there is no named beneficiary who can receive benefits, your remaining Plan account balance will be paid to your estate.

Your Money Purchase Account

If you are married and die before beginning to receive any of your benefits under the Plan, half of the portion of your money purchase account, if any, is automatically payable to your spouse as an annuity, unless your spouse waived in writing his or her right to this benefit and consented to your naming another beneficiary. Any election made before you reach age 35 is invalid as of the first day of the Plan Year in which you reach 35, in which case, you must make a new election. Payments will start on the first of the month after your 62nd birthday (or an earlier date selected by your spouse). Instead of an annuity, your spouse may elect to receive this portion of your account in a lump sum. You are permitted to name any beneficiary for up to half of the money purchase portion of your account.

Appealing Denied Claims

If your claim for a Plan benefit is denied, in whole or in part, John Hancock will send you a written notice of the denial within 90 days. Special circumstances may require up to an additional 90 days, in which case you will be notified by John Hancock of the delay and the expected date of a decision within the initial 90-day period.

The notice will describe the specific reason or reasons for the denial, the Plan provisions on which the denial is based, any additional information or material that you might need to provide in order to support your application and an explanation of why it is necessary, and the Plan's review procedures.

You may file an appeal of any denial within 180 days of the date of the denial notice. You or your representative may review pertinent documents and other materials relevant to your claim (regardless of whether they were submitted with your original claim) and submit issues, comments, documents and other information relating to the claim. If you request it, you will be provided with access to, or copies of, all documents, records or other information relevant to your appeal.

How to File an Appeal

Within 180 days of the date of the denial notice, write to:

**Board of Trustees' Appeals Committee
Building Service 32BJ Supplemental Retirement Savings Plan
25 West 18th Street
New York, NY 10011-4676**

If you do not request a review of the denial within this 180-day period, you will be considered to have waived your right to a review of the denial.

You must file an appeal with the Appeals Committee and follow the process completely before you can bring an action in court. Failure to do so may prevent you from having any legal remedy.

How the Review Process Works Once You File an Appeal

The Appeals Committee will consider your appeal and give you its decision after reviewing all necessary and relevant evidence. The Appeals Committee will give you a full and fair review of the decision denying your application, based upon all comments, documents, records and other information that you submit, without regard to whether that information was submitted or considered in connection with the initial benefit determination. You may appear in person at the Appeals Committee meeting, but you do not have to be there. If you do not attend, the Appeals Committee will decide your appeal based on the materials you have submitted.

The Appeals Committee will make its decision on your appeal at the next regularly scheduled Appeals Committee meeting after receipt of the appeal. However, if your request for review is received within 30 days of the next regularly scheduled meeting, your appeal will be considered at the second regularly scheduled meeting following receipt of your appeal. In special circumstances, a delay until the third regularly scheduled meeting following receipt of your request for review may be necessary. You will be advised in writing in advance if this extension will be necessary. Once the Appeals Committee makes a decision on your appeal, you will be notified of the decision as soon as possible, but no later than five days after the decision has been reached.

If your claim is denied on appeal, in whole or in part, the notice will state the specific reason or reasons for the decision, the Plan provisions on which the decision is based, and a statement that you are entitled to receive, upon request and free of charge, reasonable access to, and copies of, all documents and other information relevant to the claim. The notice will also state that you have a right to bring a civil action under Section 502(a) of ERISA upon an adverse decision on appeal.

All decisions on appeal will be final and binding on all parties, subject only to your right to bring a civil action under Section 502(a) of ERISA after you have exhausted the Plan's appeal procedures. No individual may file a lawsuit until these procedures have been exhausted. **In addition, no lawsuit may be started more than three years after the date on which the applicable appeal was denied.** If there is no decision on appeal, no lawsuit may be started more than three years after the time when the Appeals Committee should have decided the appeal.

If you have any questions about the appeals process, please contact the Compliance Office in writing at the address on page 9.

Important Claims-Related Information

- **Incompetence.** If someone who is entitled to benefits from the Plan is determined to be unable to care for his/her affairs because of illness, accident or incapacity, either mental or physical, any payment due may be paid instead to someone else — such as a spouse, a legal custodian or someone who has the person's power of attorney. The Board of Trustees will decide who is entitled to benefits in cases like this.
- **Mailing Address.** If you are working for a contributing employer, and your address changes, it is important that you notify Member Services. If you are no longer working for a contributing employer and your address changes you must notify John Hancock. If you become unreachable, the Plan will hold any benefit payments due you until payment can be made. You are considered unreachable if a letter sent to you by first-class mail to your last known address is returned.

General Information

Federal Insurance

Benefits under this type of multiemployer plan are not insured by the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation (“the PBGC”), which is a federal agency that insures certain pension plan benefits upon plan termination, because the benefits you receive under this type of plan are based upon the amount in your Plan account.

Assignment of Benefits

Neither you nor any beneficiary can assign any of the benefits that you are entitled to receive from the Plan. The Plan will, however, comply with a federal tax lien or a Qualified Domestic Relations Order (“QDRO”), as defined by law (see below for more information).

Qualified Domestic Relations Order

The Plan is required by law to follow the terms of a domestic relations order that is considered “qualified” under federal law. A QDRO is a court order or judgment that directs a plan to pay benefits to your spouse, former spouse, child, or other dependent in connection with child support, alimony, or marital property rights. In addition, until the Plan has complied with the terms of the QDRO, the Plan may restrict the benefits that are payable to you. These restrictions could also apply while the Plan is determining whether a domestic relations order satisfies the QDRO requirements in the Internal Revenue Code.

You will be notified if the Plan receives a proposed QDRO with respect to your Plan account. For more information on QDROs, or to get a free copy of the procedures that the Plan follows in determining whether an order is qualified, contact the Compliance Office in writing at the address on page 9 or call Member Services.

Other Offsets

If, for any reason, the Plan should pay you or your beneficiary (including your surviving spouse) more than you or your beneficiary are entitled to receive under the Plan, the Plan is authorized to recover the amount of the benefit overpayments, plus interest and costs, from you or your beneficiary, including through a reduction in future benefits payable. If any participant or beneficiary is ordered by a court or the Department of Labor to repay any amount to the Plan based on a violation of ERISA’s fiduciary rules, the Plan may recover that amount by reducing benefits payable to that person in the future.

Military Leave

Generally, if you leave covered employment to serve in the U.S. Armed Forces, the Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Act of 1994 (“USERRA”) entitles you to prompt reinstatement in your job following completion of military service, with the same seniority, pay, and benefits you would have had if you had not entered military service.

If you are entitled to these rights under USERRA, upon return to covered employment, employer contributions may be made to your Plan account for the period of your military service. The amount of the contributions will be based on an estimate of the hours for which contributions would have been made if you had not been on military leave. You also may make up 401(k) contributions for the period you were away. You can take up to three times your period of military service or five years, whichever is shorter, to make up 401(k) contributions to the Plan. Contact Member Services to notify the Plan of your USERRA leave and to find out how to make up contributions.

Employer Contributions

The Plan receives contributions in accordance with collective bargaining agreements between the Realty Advisory Board on Labor Relations, Inc., or various independent employers, and the Union. These collective bargaining agreements provide that employers contribute to the Plan on behalf of each

covered employee on the basis of a fixed rate per week. Certain other employers (such as the Union itself and the 32BJ Benefit Funds) participate in the Plan on behalf of their employees by signing a participation agreement. The Compliance Office will provide you, upon written request, with information as to whether a particular employer is contributing to the Plan on behalf of participants working under a collective bargaining agreement or a participation agreement.

Compliance with Federal Law

The Plan is governed by regulations and rulings of the Internal Revenue Service and the Department of Labor, and current tax law. This Plan will always be construed to comply with these regulations, rulings, and laws. Generally, federal law takes precedence over state law.

Plan Amendment or Termination

The Board intends to continue the Plan indefinitely, but reserves the right to amend or terminate it in its sole discretion. If the Plan is terminated or otherwise amended, it will not affect your right to receive any benefit that you have already earned.

Plan Administration

The Plan is what the law calls a “defined contribution” profit sharing plan. Benefits are provided from assets in individual plan accounts. These assets are accumulated under the provisions of the Trust Agreement and are held in a Trust Fund for the purpose of providing benefits to covered participants and defraying reasonable administrative expenses.

The Plan is administered by the Board. The Board and/or its duly authorized designee(s) has the exclusive right, power, and authority, in its sole and absolute discretion, to administer, apply, and interpret the Plan, including this SPD, the Trust Agreement, and any other Plan documents, and to decide all matters arising in connection with the operation or administration of the Plan or Trust established under the Plan. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the

Board and/or its duly authorized designees, including the Appeals Committee with regard to benefit claim appeals, shall have the sole and absolute discretionary authority to:

- take all actions and make all decisions with respect to the eligibility for, and the amount of benefits payable, under the Plan,
- formulate, interpret, and apply rules, regulations, and policies necessary to administer the Plan in accordance with the terms of the Plan,
- decide questions, including legal or factual questions, relating to the calculation and payment of benefits under the Plan,
- resolve and/or clarify any ambiguities, inconsistencies, and omissions arising under the Plan, including this SPD, the Trust Agreement, or other Plan documents,
- process and approve or deny benefit claims and rule on any benefit exclusions, and
- determine the standard of proof required in any case.

All determinations and interpretations made by the Board and/or its duly authorized designees are final and binding upon all participants, beneficiaries, and any other individuals claiming benefits under the Plan.

The Board has delegated certain administrative and operational functions to the staff of the Plan and to the Appeals Committee. Most of your day-to-day questions about your benefits can be answered by Member Services or John Hancock. If you wish to contact the Board, please write to:

Board of Trustees
Building Service 32BJ Supplemental Retirement Savings Plan
25 West 18th Street
New York, NY 10011-4676

Statement of Rights under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as Amended

As a participant in the Building Service 32BJ Supplemental Retirement Savings Plan, you are entitled to certain rights and protections under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (“ERISA”). ERISA provides that all Plan participants shall be entitled to:

- Examine, without charge, at the Compliance Office, all documents governing the Plan, including collective bargaining agreements, participation agreements, and copies of the latest annual report (Form 5500 series) filed by the Plan with the U.S. Department of Labor and available at the Public Disclosure Room of the Employee Benefits Security Administration (“EBSA”).
- Obtain, upon written request to the Compliance Office, copies of documents governing the operation of the Plan, including collective bargaining agreements, participation agreements, copies of the latest annual report (Form 5500 series), and an updated SPD.
- Receive a summary of the Plan’s annual financial report. The Trustees are required by law to furnish each participant with a copy of this summary annual report.
- Obtain a statement telling you whether you have a right to receive a distribution from the plan at Normal Retirement Age (usually 65) and, if so, what your distribution would be at Normal Retirement Age if you stop working under the Plan now. If you do not have a right to a distribution, the statement will tell you what conditions would need to be satisfied before you had a right to receive a distribution. This statement must be requested in writing and is not required to be given more than once every 12 months. The Plan must provide the statement free of charge.

In addition to creating rights for Plan participants, ERISA imposes duties upon the people who are responsible for the operation of the Plan. The people who operate your plan, called “fiduciaries” of the Plan, have a duty to do so prudently and in the interest of you and other Plan participants and beneficiaries. No one, including your employer, your union, or any other person, may fire you or

otherwise discriminate against you in any way to prevent you from obtaining a pension benefit or exercising your rights under ERISA.

If your claim for a benefit is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you have a right to know why this was done, to obtain copies of documents relating to the decision without charge, and to appeal any denial, all within certain time schedules.

Under ERISA, there are steps you can take to enforce the above rights. For instance, if you request a copy of Plan documents or the latest annual report from the Plan and do not receive them within 30 days, you may file suit in a federal court. In such a case, the court may require the Plan administrator to provide materials and pay you up to \$110 a day until you receive the materials, unless the materials were not sent because of reasons beyond the control of the Plan administrator.

If you have a claim for benefits that is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you may file suit in a state or federal court. In addition, if you disagree with the Plan’s decision, or lack thereof, concerning the qualified status of a domestic relations order, you may file suit in federal court. You may not file a lawsuit – either to review a claim denial or a ruling on a QDRO – until you have followed the appeal procedures described on pages 27–29. If it should happen that Plan fiduciaries misuse the Plan’s money, or if you are discriminated against for asserting your rights, you may seek assistance from the U.S. Department of Labor, or you may file suit in federal court. The court will decide who should pay court costs and legal fees. If you are successful, the court may order the person you have sued to pay these costs and fees. If you lose, the court may order you to pay these costs and fees; for example, if it finds your claim is frivolous.

If you have any questions about your Plan, you should contact the Plan administrator. If you have any questions about this statement or about your rights under ERISA, or if you need assistance in obtaining documents from the Plan administrator, you should contact the nearest office of EBSA, U.S. Department of Labor, listed in your telephone directory, or the:

**Division of Technical Assistance and Inquiries
Employee Benefits Security Administration (EBSA)
U.S. Department of Labor
200 Constitution Avenue N.W.
Washington, DC 20210**

You may also obtain certain publications about your rights and responsibilities under ERISA by calling the publications hotline of EBSA or by visiting the Department of Labor's website: <http://www.dol.gov> or call their toll free number at 1-866-444-3272.

Plan Facts

Plan Name: Building Service 32BJ Supplemental Retirement Savings Plan
Employer Identification Number: 13-3507075
Plan Number: 001
Plan Year: July 1 – June 30
Type of Plan: Defined Contribution Profit Sharing Plan

Plan Sponsor and Administrator

The Plan is administered by a joint Board of Trustees consisting of Union Trustees and Employer Trustees. The Board may be contacted at:

Board of Trustees
Building Service 32BJ Supplemental Retirement Savings Plan
25 West 18th Street
New York, NY 10011-4676

Agent for Service of Legal Process

The Board of Trustees has been designated as the agent for the service of legal process. Legal process may be served at the Compliance Office or on the individual Trustees.

Contact Information – Member Services

For information about Building Service 32BJ Supplemental Retirement Savings Plan, call Member Services at 1-800-551-3225, log on to www.32bjfunds.org or write to Member Services at:

Member Services
Building Service 32BJ Supplemental Retirement Savings Plan
25 West 18th Street
New York, NY 10011-4676

Building Service 32BJ Supplemental Retirement Savings Plan
25 West 18th Street, New York, New York 10011-4676
Telephone 1-800-551-3225
www.32bjfunds.org



Building Service 32BJ Supplemental Retirement Savings Plan

25 West 18th Street
New York, NY 10011-4676

www.32bjfunds.org
800-551-3225 Benefits Information

Manny Pastreich, *Chairman*
Howard I. Rothschild, *Secretary*
Peter Goldberger, *Executive Director*
Régine Breton, *Director Retirement Services*

Summary of Material Modifications
Building Service 32BJ Supplemental Retirement Savings Plan

The following is a list of changes and clarifications which have occurred since the printing of the Building Service 32BJ Supplemental Retirement Savings Plan (SPD) dated March 1, 2020. This Summary of Material Modifications (SMM) supplements or modifies the information presented in your SPD with respect to the Plan. **Please keep this document with your copy of the SPD for future reference.**

Resignation of Employer Trustee Page 1: Effective June 15, 2024, John C. Santora has resigned as Employer Trustee. His information is deleted in its entirety.

Appointment of Employer Trustee Page 1: Effective October 11, 2023, Brooke Jenkins-Lewis has been appointed employer trustee. She replaces Fred Ward whose information is deleted in its entirety and is replaced with the following:

Brooke Jenkins-Lewis
Executive Director
NYC School Support Services, Inc.
180 Madison Ave, 12th Floor
New York, NY 10016

Appointment of Union Trustee Page 1: Effective December 8, 2022, Elizabeth Baker has been appointed Union Trustee. Her information is as follows:

Elizabeth Baker
Director of Bargaining and Employer Relations – N.Y. Metro
32BJ SEIU
25 West 18th Street
New York, NY 10011-1991

Change in Union Trustee Title Page 1: Effective December 8, 2022, John Santos' title is changed from Vice President to Secretary-Treasurer.

Change in Union Trustee Title Page 1: Effective December 7, 2022, Manny Pastreich's title is changed from Secretary-Treasurer to President.

Resignation of Union Trustee Page 1: Effective November 30, 2022, Kyle E. Bragg has resigned as Union Trustee. His information is deleted in its entirety.

Appointment of Union Trustee Page 1: Effective November 1, 2021, John Santos has been appointed Union trustee. He replaces Lenore Friedlaender whose information is deleted in its entirety and is replaced with the following:

John Santos
Vice President
32BJ SEIU
25 West 18th Street
New York, NY 10011-1991

Appointment of Employer Trustee Page 1: Effective April 19, 2021, Jeffrey Brodsky has been appointed employer trustee. He replaces Charles C. Dorego whose information is deleted in its entirety and is replaced with the following:

Jeffrey Brodsky
Related Companies
30 Hudson Yards
New York, NY 10001

Change in Union Trustee Title and Contact Information Page 1: Effective January 13, 2021, Larry Engelstein's title and contact information is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:

c/o 32BJ SEIU
25 W. 18th Street
New York, NY 10011-1991

Change to Response to FAQ #5 Page 7: Effective January 1, 2025, the response to Question No. 5 is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:

You can contribute up to the Internal Revenue Service (“IRS”) limit. For 2025*, the limit is \$23,500. In addition, you can begin making catch-up contributions in the year you turn age 50. For 2025, the catch-up contribution limit is \$7,500, unless you are eligible for “super catch-up” contributions. Beginning January 1, 2025, you are eligible to make “super catch-up” contributions starting in the year that you reach age 60 and ending in the year that you reach age 63. In 2025, the annual catch-up contribution limit for those who are eligible to make “super catch-up” contributions is \$11,250 instead of \$7,500.

*The IRS adjusts the contribution limits annually based off cost-of-living adjustments. For the latest information on annual contribution limits and catch-up contribution limits, please contact John Hancock at 1-833-388-6466 (Spanish-speaking: 1-888-440-0022). John Hancock representatives are available Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m., ET.

Change to Response to FAQ #6 Page 7: Effective January 1, 2025, the response to Question No. 6 is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:

Catch-up contributions are extra contributions you can make beginning in the year that you reach age 50. Catch-up contributions are limited by the IRS. For 2025*, the limit is \$7,500, unless you are eligible for “super catch-up” contributions. Beginning January 1, 2025, you are eligible to make “super catch-up” contributions starting in the year that you reach age 60 and ending in the year that you reach age 63. In 2025, the annual catch-up contribution limit for those who are eligible to make “super catch-up” contributions is \$11,250 instead of \$7,500.

*The IRS adjusts the contribution limits annually based off cost-of-living adjustments. For the latest information on annual contribution limits and catch-up contribution limits, please contact John Hancock at 1-

833-388-6466 (Spanish-speaking: 1-888-440-0022). John Hancock representatives are available Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m., ET.

Change Regarding Maximum Annual Contribution Limits Page 14: Effective January 1, 2025, the first paragraph in the section *Maximum Annual Contribution Limits* is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:

By law, the IRS limits the total dollar amount that you can make in 401(k) contributions in a given year to the Plan (and to any other plan like this in which you may participate). Any amount that you contribute in excess of this limit will be returned to you and treated as taxable income. The dollar limit for 2025* is \$23,500. In addition, you can begin making catch-up contributions starting in the year that you reach age 50. The catch-up contribution limit for 2025 is \$7,500, unless you are eligible to make “super catch-up” contributions, as described in the next section. In 2025, the annual catch-up contribution limit for those who are eligible to make “super catch-up” contributions is \$11,250 instead of \$7,500.

*The IRS adjusts the contribution limits annually based off cost-of-living adjustments. For the latest information on annual contribution limits and catch-up contribution limits, please contact John Hancock at 1-833-388-6466 (Spanish-speaking: 1-888-440-0022). John Hancock representatives are available Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m., ET.

Change Regarding Catch-Up Contributions Page 14: Effective January 1, 2025, the first and second paragraphs in the section *Catch-Up Contributions* are deleted in their entirety and replaced with the following:

Starting in the calendar year in which you reach age 50, you may make additional “catch-up” contributions over the annual limit described above and on the preceding page. The annual catch-up contribution limit for 2025* is \$7,500. In addition, beginning January 1, 2025, you can make even more catch-up contributions starting in the year that you reach age 60 and ending in the year that you reach age 63. These are called “super catch-up” contributions. If you are eligible to make “super catch-up” contributions, your annual catch-up contribution limit will be higher. In 2025, the annual catch-up contribution limit for those who are eligible to make “super catch-up” contributions is \$11,250 instead of \$7,500.

For example, if you reach age 50 in 2025, you could contribute up to \$31,000 in 401(k) contributions to the Plan: \$23,500 in 401(k) contributions plus a \$7,500 catch-up contribution. Even if you do not reach age 50 until the last day of the calendar year, you would still be able to make catch-up contributions for that year and all later years, as long as you continue in covered employment.

*The IRS adjusts the contribution limits annually based off cost-of-living adjustments. For the latest information on annual contribution limits and catch-up contribution limits, please contact John Hancock at 1-833-388-6466 (Spanish-speaking: 1-888-440-0022). John Hancock representatives are available Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m., ET.

Change in Required Minimum Distribution Age Page 20: Effective December 29, 2022, the section *Required Minimum Distribution* is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:

If your account balance is more than \$1,000, you can postpone your distribution until April 1 following the year you reach your “required beginning date” age as specified in the SECURE Act of 2019 and SECURE 2.0 Act of 2022. You must begin receiving a distribution once you reach your “required beginning date” age, however, if you are still working in covered employment at that point, your distribution will begin when you actually stop working.

The below chart shows which required beginning date age applies to you.

If you were born:	Your Required Beginning Date Age
Before July 1, 1949	70.5
July 1, 1949-1950	72
1951-1959	73
1960 or later	75

Failure to take your distribution when required may result in you having to pay a penalty to the Internal Revenue Service of up to 25% of the amount of your distribution that was not timely paid.

Note that required minimum distributions for calendar year 2020 were suspended under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act, unless you elected to receive your distribution on the appropriate form provided by John Hancock.

Change in Required Minimum Distribution Age Page 24: Effective January 1, 2023, the section *When You Receive Your Money* is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:

If your Plan account balance is greater than \$1,000, you will not receive your money from your Plan account until you request a distribution from John Hancock. However, if you do not request a distribution by the later of your “required beginning date” as specified in the SECURE Act of 2019 and SECURE 2.0 Act of 2022 and described in the section *Required Minimum Distribution* on page 20, or the first of the month after you stop working, John Hancock will begin distribution of your account no later than April 1 of the following year in which you attain your “required beginning date.” IRS rules generally provide that the amount of your distribution will be based on your account balance as of December 31 of the year prior to the year in which distribution occurs divided by your remaining years of life expectancy. For more specific information call John Hancock at 1-833-388-6466 (Spanish-speaking: 1-888-440-0022). John Hancock representatives are available Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m., ET.

Change Regarding Overpayments Page 31: Effective December 29, 2022, the section *Other Offsets* is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:

If, for any reason, the Plan should pay you or your beneficiary (including your surviving spouse) more than you or your beneficiary are entitled to receive under the Plan, the Plan may, with certain restrictions, recover the amount of the benefit overpayments from you or your beneficiary, including through a reduction in future benefits payable, as permitted by applicable law. If any participant or beneficiary is ordered by a court or the Department of Labor to repay any amount to the Plan based on a violation of ERISA’s fiduciary rules, the Plan may recover that amount by reducing benefits payable to that person in the future.

Official Plan documents control the actual payment of benefits and the administration of this Plan. This SMM merely highlights the changes and does not replace those documents. ***In case of any discrepancy between this SMM, the SPD, or official Plan documents, including any and all amendments, the terms of the Plan documents will control.***